On April 2016, in the occasion of the World Malaria Day, WHO has released a report showing that the ambitious goal to eliminate malaria from 35 countries by 2030 is achievable. Malaria mortality rates have declined by 60% globally since the vear 2000 due to the use of tools such as insecticide-treated bed-nets. indoor residual spraying, and rapid diagnostic testina.

The World Malaria Report 2015 presented in the WHO website draws on data from 95 countries and territories with ongoing malaria transmission, and a further 6 countries that have recently eliminated malaria. According to the latest estimates from WHO, there were 214 million new cases of malaria and 438 000 malaria deaths worldwide in 2015. About 3 200 million people (half the world's population) are at risk of malaria.

In the WHO website the Global Technical Strategy for Malaria 2016–2030 is also available. The Strategy was adopted by the World Health Assembly in May 2015. It

provides a comprehensive framework to guide countries in their efforts to accelerate progress towards malaria elimination. The strategy sets the target of reducing global malaria incidence and mortality rates by at least 90% by 2030.

indoor spraying, rapid tests, combined therapies artemisinin-based and education is proving to be an effective way to combat the disease.

The integrated approach that combines the mass distribution of bed nets,

To know more

WHO World Malaria Report

WHO Global Technical Strategy 2016-2030

Global Fund Initiative

World Malaria Day

10 facts on malaria - OMS





